§316.2(a)(3) through (a)(6) of this chapter; however, if the applicant's military service is discontinuous, that applicant must establish, for periods between honorable service during the five years immediately preceding the date of filing the application, or the examination on the application if eligible for early filing under section 334(a) of the Act, that he or she resided in the United States and in the State or Service district in the United States in which the application is filed.

(2) An applicant who files an application for naturalization more than six months after terminating honorable service must satisfy the residence requirements under §316.2(a)(3) through (a)(6) of this chapter. However, any honorable service by the applicant within the five years immediately preceding the date of filing of the application shall be considered as residence within the United States for purposes of §316.2(a)(3) of this chapter.

§328.3 Jurisdiction.

An application filed within 6 months after discharge may be filed with any office of the Service within the United States regardless of place of residence of the applicant. An application filed more than 6 months after discharge shall be filed with the Service office having jurisdiction over the State or Service district where the applicant has been residing for at least three months immediately preceding the filing of the application, or immediately preceding the examination on the application if the application was filed early pursuant to section 334(a) of the Act and the three month period falls within the required period of residence under section 316(a) or 319(a) of the Act.

§328.4 Application.

An applicant for naturalization under this part must submit an Application for Naturalization, Form N-400, as provided in §316.4 of this chapter. The application must be accompanied by Form N-426, Certificate of Military or Naval Service; and Form G-325B, Biographic Form.

PART 329—SPECIAL CLASSES OF PERSONS WHO MAY BE NATURALIZED: NATURALIZATION BASED UPON ACTIVE DUTY SERVICE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES DURING SPECIFIED PERIODS OF HOSTILITIES

Sec.

329.1 Definitions.

329.2 Eligibility.

329.3 Jurisdiction.

329.4 Application and evidence.

329.5 Natives of the Philippines with active duty service during World War II.

AUTHORITY: 8 U.S.C. 1103, 1440, 1443; 8 CFR part 2.

§ 329.1 Definitions.

As used in this part:

Honorable service and separation means service and separation from service which the executive department under which the applicant served determines to be honorable, including:

- (1) That such applicant had not been separated from service on account of alienage:
- (2) That such applicant was not a conscientious objector who performed no military, air or naval duty; and
- (3) That such applicant did not refuse to wear a military uniform.

Service in an active duty status in the Armed Forces of the United States means active service in the following organizations:

- (1) United States Army, United States Navy, United States Marines, United States Air Force, United States Coast Guard; or
- (2) A National Guard unit during such time as the unit is Federally recognized as a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States and that unit is called for active duty.

World War I means the period beginning on April 6, 1917, and ending on November 11, 1918.

 $[56 \ \mathrm{FR} \ 50493, \ \mathrm{Oct.} \ 7, \ 1991]$

§ 329.2 Eligibility.

To be eligible for naturalization under section 329(a) of the Act, an applicant must establish that he or she:

(a) Has served honorably in an active duty status in the Armed Forces of the United States during: